## **Traditional IRA**

In a traditional IRA, your contributions are often tax-deductible in the year they are made. Your money then grows tax deferred until retirement where it is taxed at ordinary income rates upon distribution.

## What Is An IRA?

An individual retirement account (IRA) is a tax-advantaged account that individuals use to invest and save their money for retirement.

## **Roth IRA**

Roth IRA contributions are not tax deductible (made with after-tax dollars) but qualified distributions are tax free and there are no taxes on investment gains.

## **Benefits Of IRAs**

**Opportunity to Maximize Retirement Savings** 

Tax Advantages (Tax-Deferred or Tax-Free)

Wider Range of **Investment Choices** 

Traditional IRA		Roth IRA
\$6,000 Per Year	Max. Contribution Limit Standard	\$6,000 Per Year
\$7,000 Per Year	Max. Contribution Limit, Ages 50+	\$7,000 Per Year
Taxed At Ordinary Income Rates	Distributions	Tax-Free
Deductible (Some Exceptions)	Contributions	Not Deductible
Contribute At Any Age As Long As You Have Earned Income	Age Limitations	Contribute At Any Age As Long As You Have Earned Income
Income <u>Does <i>Not</i></u> Affect Contribution Limitations	Income Limitations	Income <u>Does</u> Affect Contribution Limitations
Yes, 10% (+ Income Tax)	Early Withdrawl Penalty for Contributions	None
Yes, 10% (+ Income Tax)	Early Withdrawl Penalty for Earnings	Yes, 10%
Yes, Beginning At Age 72	RMD (Required Minimum Distributions)	No RMDs

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